

St Margaret's Bushey



Policy for Special
Educational Needs

POLICY FOR SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS

St Margaret's School is committed to providing the highest standard of education enabling each girl to achieve to the very best of her potential. We recognise that we will need to consider the individual needs of all children when planning our curriculum and we aim to provide a curriculum that is accessible to the individual needs of all our children, and to which they are entitled.

We use the principles as detailed in The Special Educational Needs Code of Practice (2001) and Disability Rights Code of Practice for schools, as appropriate for our school.

Our commitment is based on the following principles:

- All children have an equal right of entitlement to an appropriate and worthwhile education.
- All children are special, different and have individual needs.
- All children have a common entitlement to a broad and balanced curriculum, delivered in a relevant and differentiated manner, enabling progression and continuity to be experienced.
- Children with special educational needs occur in every classroom. Every teacher in school teaches children with special educational needs.
- All staff have regard to the needs of the individuals within the school.
- Parents are valued as genuine partners.

SEN POLICY OBJECTIVES

- To apply a whole school policy to meeting each child's individual needs.
- To identify, at the earliest opportunity, any child with special educational needs, learning difficulties and disabilities and ensure that their needs are met.
- To ensure that children with special educational needs, learning difficulties and disabilities join in with all the activities of the school.
- To ensure that all learners make the best possible progress.
- To ensure that all parents are informed of their child's special needs and provision and that there is effective communication between parents and the school.
- To ensure that learners express their views and are involved in the decisions which affect their education.
- To promote effective partnership and involve outside agencies when appropriate.

DEFINITION OF SPECIAL EDUCATIONAL NEEDS

The SEN Code of Practice defines special educational needs as follows:

“Children have special educational needs if they have a *learning difficulty* which calls for *special educational provision* to be made for them.

Children have a *learning difficulty* if they:

- (a) have a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of children of the same age; or
- (b) have a disability which prevents or hinders them from making use of educational facilities of a kind generally provided for children of the same age in schools within the area of the local education authority
- (c) are under compulsory school age and fall within the definition at (a) or (b) above or would do so if special educational provision was not made for them.

Children must not be regarded as having a learning difficulty solely because the language or form of language of their home is different from the language in which they will be taught.”

- If a bilingual pupil is considered to have a learning difficulty then the development of the home language must be taken into consideration and discussed with the family before recommending further assessment.

“*Special educational provision* means:

- (a) for children of two or over, educational provision which is additional to, or otherwise different from, the educational provision made generally for children of their age in schools maintained by LEA, other than special schools, in the area.
- (b) for children under two, educational provision of any kind.”

(Section 312, Education Act 1996)

A child is disabled if he is blind, deaf or dumb or suffers from a mental disorder of any kind or is substantially and permanently handicapped by illness, injury or congenital deformity or such other disability as may be prescribed.

(Section 17 (11), Children Act 1989)

A person has a disability for the purposes of this Act if he has a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on his ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

(Section 1 (1), Disability Discrimination Act 1995)

THE SCHOOL IN CONTEXT

St Margaret's is an independent school for girls from the ages of 4 – 18. The main entry to the school is via a practical assessment (at 4+), examination and interview (at 7+) and by examination in English, Mathematics and non-verbal reasoning and interview (at 11+).

We also welcome international boarders into the secondary school, many of whom have English as a second language. New pupils may also join the school throughout the academic year. These factors can add complexity to the identification of, and speed of provision for, SEN. Children who have English as a second language are not regarded as children who have a special educational need.

Admission Arrangements

Pupils with special needs are admitted to our school according to the same criteria as other pupils, provided that the admission is compatible with:

- the provision of efficient education for the children with whom she will be educated;
- the efficient use of resources;
- the compatibility of her needs and the constraints of access within the school campus.

Should any child have already been identified with a learning difficulty and/or disability, relevant reports should be brought to school so that the Learning Support Co-ordinator can look at them. The Learning Support Co-ordinator's expertise is sought if teachers, including the Headmistress, are concerned about a child and whether St Margaret's would be a suitable school for them.

Special Facilities/Units

There are no special facilities at St Margaret's for pupils who are physically disabled, nor any special units for children with learning difficulties. However, the school is committed to the integration of pupils with a range of needs, and their involvement in the whole life of the school, in line with our equality of access policy.

Co-ordination of Learning Support

The Learning Support Co-ordinator reports informally on a regular basis to the Headmistress, and is also available at break and lunch times in order to discuss Learning Support issues with Heads of Year and other members of staff. Learning Support issues are also discussed during weekly staff meetings as and when appropriate.

The role of the Learning Support Co-ordinator at St Margaret's

- Assisting in the development, monitoring and evaluation of the SEN policy.
- Overseeing the day-to-day operation of the school's SEN policy.

- Co-ordinating provision for pupils with special educational needs and learning difficulties/disabilities.
- Maintaining a central record and overseeing the records of all children with special educational needs and learning difficulties/disabilities.
- Liaising with and advising fellow teachers.
- Liaising with parents of pupils with special educational needs and learning difficulties/disabilities.
- Contributing to the in-service training of staff.
- Assessing pupils with special educational needs and learning difficulties/disabilities.
- Monitoring the progress of pupils with special educational needs and learning difficulties/disabilities through the school.

An important part of the Learning Support Co-ordinator's role is discussing the needs of particular pupils with other teachers and keeping close and positive contact with all parents concerned.

Curriculum Access

All teachers are Educational Support Teachers, since all are required to differentiate their planning and delivery to ensure that all children gain access to a broad and balanced curriculum. **It is therefore the class teacher / subject teacher's responsibility to ensure that learning is differentiated according to the needs of the pupil, and that the teaching style is differentiated to ensure that all students' learning styles are met.** Advice may be sought from the Learning Support Co-ordinator as appropriate.

Teachers need to be aware of each pupil's skills and abilities and must then match this knowledge to identifying and providing appropriate ways of accessing the curriculum for every pupil. The SEN register provides information about any pupil with specific learning difficulties which have been diagnosed by an Educational Psychologist or other professional.

Identification of SEN

Central to the work of every class and every subject is a continuous cycle of planning, teaching and assessing which takes account of the wide range of abilities, aptitudes and interests of children. The majority of children will learn and progress within these arrangements. Those children whose overall attainments or attainment in specific subjects fall significantly outside the expected range may have special educational needs or learning difficulties.

The school is committed to early identification of special educational needs and learning difficulties and adopts a graduated response to meeting them. A detailed picture of each child's strengths and weaknesses is ascertained from ongoing teacher based assessments, mid-year and end of year tests. If these suggest that the pupil is not making the expected progress, the class teacher will consult the Learning Support Co-ordinator in order to decide whether additional and/or different provision is necessary.

A graduated response to Learning Difficulties

This approach starts with the class teacher using differentiation strategies to meet individual needs.

If a pupil does not make measurable progress, the teachers may conclude that the strategies currently being used with that pupil are not resulting in her learning as effectively as possible. In these circumstances, the class / subject teacher will complete a Record of Concern (see Appendix 1) which is passed on to the Learning Support Co-ordinator. The Learning Support Co-ordinator will then observe and/or assess the pupil to ascertain more fully the nature of the child's individual needs.

Where appropriate, the Learning Support Co-ordinator would normally carry out an assessment. The assessment would seek to address the specific concerns of the referring teacher, and a variety of diagnostic tests are available (see Appendix 2). The Learning Support Co-ordinator will then report back to the class/subject teacher with her findings and make the appropriate recommendations.

Where it is considered that the pupil requires extra support, she will be entered on the SEN Register, and also on the Learning Support Provision Map. Once a pupil has been entered onto the SEN Register, they will be monitored for the remainder of their career at St Margaret's. Both the SEN Register and the Learning Support Provision Map are updated regularly and copies are made available to all staff through the school intranet shared area. Staff are encouraged to consult the lists for information about any girls they may teach, and especially at the start of each academic year when new teaching groups are formed.

Different types of support offered at St Margaret's

- Individual withdrawal or lunch time lessons
- Small groups of withdrawal (2 – 4 girls)

Support is provided in the following areas:

- Literacy
- Numeracy
- Study skills
- Subject specific support eg French, English Literature

Timetabling learning support lessons

St Margaret's is committed to the inclusion of all children within the classroom. Many support lessons with senior school pupils are timetabled to take place during study periods, and with pupils in the lower school and junior departments, during lunch breaks. However, where appropriate, some children are withdrawn for extra support. In order to ensure that children have access to a broad and balanced curriculum, a considerable amount of care and attention is placed on deciding from which lessons a pupil may be withdrawn.

School Action

When the Learning Support Co-ordinator identifies a child with special educational needs or learning difficulties, she or the class teacher will provide interventions that are additional to those provided as part of the school's usual differentiated curriculum. This is called **School Action**.

The Learning Support Co-ordinator will remain responsible for working with the pupil and delivering an individualised programme. Parents will be consulted and kept informed of the action taken to help the child, and of the outcome of the action.

School Action Plus

If St Margaret's has evidence that a pupil is making insufficient progress despite support and intervention at School Action, we may seek further advice and support from outside professionals such as educational psychologists. This triggers **School Action Plus**. The external specialist may act in an advisory capacity, or provide additional specialist assessment. Any resulting advice will be implemented in the normal classroom setting as well as in any individual support lessons. The key points from any assessment carried out by an educational psychologist or other professional, along with test scores where relevant, are summarised onto a one page Learning Support Pupil Report Summary which is then copied electronically to all relevant teaching staff.

If School Action Plus intervention proves successful, the child may revert to School Action.

Exam procedures

Where appropriate, children with special educational needs and learning difficulties/disabilities are given access arrangements eg. extra time during exams. Currently, the Examinations Officer arranges all access arrangements for public exams and the Learning Support Co-ordinator arranges access arrangements for school exams up to key stage 3. External candidates sitting the school entrance exam at 11+ are allowed extra time if they have an educational psychologist's report stating that this is necessary.

Monitoring and recording Individual Needs

Within the Learning Support department a confidential filing system has been established to monitor and record the individual needs of each pupil with special educational needs and learning difficulties/disabilities. Some details may be kept electronically in addition. For each pupil, the following records are kept:

- Record of concern
- Educational Psychologist's report, if one has been provided
- A one page summary sheet of any pupil that has been assessed by an Educational/Clinical Psychologist or Dyslexia Specialist
- Results of internal assessment, where one has been carried out

- Reports
- Records of individual lessons or small group lessons with additional notes and observations
- Records of meetings/contact with parents

The confidential file is made available to staff who are directly involved with the pupil.

External agencies

The Learning Support Co-ordinator maintains a list of Educational Psychologists and other professionals to whom the parents may take their child for assessments.

- The person responsible for managing the SEN policy is the Headmistress: **Lynne Crighton**
- The person responsible for the day-to-day co-ordination of the SEN policy is the Learning Support Co-ordinator: **Alison Baker**

Future developments

- The use of IEPs in the Junior and Senior departments (the Infant department already implement their own IEP system)
- Further Inset to all staff on the range and identification of special educational needs
- Further inset to all staff on differentiation

Compiled by **Alison Baker**

Date implemented: **January 2010**

APPENDIX 1

RECORD OF CONCERN

To: **Alison Baker**
Learning Support Co-ordinator

Date:.....

From:..... Dept:.....

I am concerned about the following student:

Student name:.....Form:.....

Reason for Referral:.....
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The student has difficulties in the following areas:

- Literacy
- Organisation
- Exams/revision
- Language skills
- Numeracy
- Homework
- Handwriting
- Other (please specify)

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Referral received:

Action to be taken:

APPENDIX 2

Diagnostic tests used to make assessments of learning strengths and weaknesses:

Lucid Research software:

Lucid Rapid - quick group and individual screening for dyslexia in the 4 – 15 age range

LASS 8 – 11 and LASS 11 – 15 – in-depth multifunctional diagnostic assessments used to identify specific difficulties present in pupils with learning difficulties

Lucid Ability 7 – 12 and Lucid Ability 11 – 16 – adaptive assessment of verbal and non-verbal ability and general conceptual ability

Wide Ranging Achievement Test (WRAT 4) – measures the basic academic skills necessary for effective learning: word reading, spelling, sentence comprehension and mathematical calculations

Tests of phonological processing, pseudo word reading, reading comprehension and spelling from a dyslexia screening portfolio